Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 55. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER 2853.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1859. VOL. 2, NO. 45.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
BY MEYERS & BENFORD,

At the following terms, to wit:
$1.50 per annum, cash, in advance.
$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
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Poetry.

"THE BATTLE OF BLENHEIM."

In all probability a sanguinary conflict is now raging in Southern Europe. The fair valleys of Italy will be devastated by fire and sword; and the iron hand of war will fall heavy upon the peaceful and helpless. It seems to us that Southey's famous lyric, "the Battle of Blenheim," will be good reading this morning; and we therefore print it:

It was on a summer evening;
Old Kasper's work was done,
And he before his cottage door
Was sitting in the sun;
And by him sported on the green
His little grandchild Wilhelmine.

She saw her brother Peterkin
Roll something large and round,
Which he beside the rivulet
In playing there, had found
He came to ask what he had found,
That was so large, and smooth, and round.

Old Kasper took it from the boy
Who stood expectant by;
And then the old man shook his head,
And with a natural sigh,
"'Tis some poor fellow's skull," said he,
"Who fell in the great victory.

"I find them in the garden,
For there's many here about;
And often when I go to plough,
The ploughshare turns them out;
For many thousand men," said he
"Were slain in that great victory."

"Now tell us what 'twas all about,"
Young Peterkin, he cries;
And little Wilhelmine looks up
With wonder waiting eyes;
Now tell us all about the war,
And what they fought each other for.

"It was the English," Kasper cried,
"Who put the French to route;
But what they fought each other for,
I could not well make out;
But every body said," quoth he,
"That 'twas a famous victory."

"My father lived at Blenheim then,
Yon little stream hard by:
They burnt his dwelling to the ground,
And he was forced to fly;
So with his wife and child he fled
Nor had he where to rest his head.

"With fire and sword the country round
Was wasted far and wide
And many a childing mother there,
And new born baby died;
But things like that, you know, must be
At every famous victory.

"They say it was a shocking sight,
After the field was won;
For many thousand bodies here
Lay rotting in the sun;
But things like that, you know, must be
After a famous victory.

"Great praise the Duke of Marlbro' won,
And our good prince Eugene."
"Why, twas a very wicked thing!"
Said little Wilhelmine.
"Nay—nay—my little girl," quoth he.
"It was a famous victory.

"And every body praised the Duke
Who this great fight did win."
"But what good came of it at last?"
Quoth little Peterkin.
"Why that I cannot tell," said he,
"But 'twas a famous victory."

TORNADO.—A special dispatch to the St. Louis *Republican*, May 27th, from Jacksonville, Morgan county, Illinois, states that yesterday, a most violent and destructive tornado swept over the country, about half a mile south of the city, desolating everything that lay in its path.

Sixteen persons were killed, while a large number were severely wounded, a portion of whom cannot recover.

Many houses and other buildings were torn into atoms by the fury of the whirlwind, others were overturned, and still more unroofed, and otherwise shattered by the blast.

The cattle in the field were killed in great numbers, and crops destroyed. The damage to property of all kinds can hardly be estimated.

AUSTRIA CONFISCATING THE CHURCH PROPERTY.—Austria has commenced playing the same game that is now being pursued in Mexico, and was also pursued by France during the Revolution, and by England at the time of the Reformation. The Emperor, it is said, has commenced a confiscation of Church property for war purposes. The wealth of the monasteries in Austria is said be immense, and as every other means of revenue has been exhausted, this is the only resource left to carry on the war. It is stated that representations had been made in Rome which will prevent such a proceeding being denounced in that quarter.

FORNEY CONDEMNED OUT OF HIS OWN MOUTH.

The charge made by Forney & Co. against Mr. Buchanan is, that he has been false to the Cincinnati platform and his own pledges on the subject of slavery in the territories. The position of Mr. Buchanan upon which this charge is based may be stated in a few words. He holds that slavery exists in the territories under the Constitution of the United States, and that the people of the territories must decide for themselves whether or not they will have slavery *when they come to form a State constitution, preparatory to admission into the Union*. We have italicized the words which contain the issue between the President and his revilers. It is because Mr. Buchanan denies to the territorial legislature the power to abolish slavery, and pledges himself to sustain the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, that he is *now* charged by Colonel Forney and his associates with being false to the doctrines of popular sovereignty, and, therefore, unworthy of the confidence of the Democratic party. We state the case plainly and distinctly, that we may do no injustice to any one in the proof and comments we are about to submit to our readers.

On the 15th of August, 1857, Mr. Buchanan addressed to Prof. Silliman and his clerical associates his celebrated letter on the Kansas question. In that letter it became necessary to discuss the very question which forms the basis of the present issue; and it is presented in the following clear and unequivocal language:

"Slavery existed at that period, and still exists in Kansas, under the Constitution of the United States. This point has at last been finally decided by the highest tribunal known to our laws. How it could ever have been seriously doubted is a mystery. If a confederation of sovereign States acquire a new territory at the expense of their common blood and treasure, surely one set of the partners can have no right to exclude the other from its enjoyment by prohibiting them from taking into it whatsoever is recognised to be property by the common constitution. But when the people—the *bona fide* residents of such territory—proceed to frame a State constitution, then it is their right to decide the important question for themselves, whether they will continue, modify, or abolish slavery. To them, and to them alone, does this question belong, free from all foreign interference."

Every candid reader will admit that this extinct proposition is: 1. Slavery exists in the territories under the Constitution of the United States. 2. That the power to abolish it by the people of the territories could only be exercised when they come to form a State constitution. 3. That the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case had affirmed these doctrines, and that such decision was in strict conformity to the individual opinions of Mr. Buchanan on the subject. It is not pretended that the President has, since the writing of that letter, announced a single principle which is not fully set forth in the extract which we have quoted. In fact, it was but the repetition of principles which he had very clearly foreshadowed in his Inaugural Address. In a few days after the appearance of the letter, from which the foregoing extract is taken, it made its appearance in the columns of Col. Forney's Philadelphia *Press*, accompanied by an editorial, from which we take the following paragraph:

"A public man who is fortunate in his friends is an object of envy to his opponents. But Mr. Buchanan is fortunate in his enemies—eminently fortunate, in that they have furnished him an opportunity of appealing against an insane sectionalism, at a critical period like the present, to the whole country. The Executive is compelled, both by custom and by courtesy, to be silent in the midst of calumny. He must stand by and see his motives impugned and his sincerity suspected, and refrain from the utterance of that word which, spoken from him, would blow his assailants into the air. But there are proper exceptions to every general rule, and in this case the exception enables a good man to rebuke, in the language of the simple truth, a most unwarrantable and gratuitous indignity to himself and a gross libel upon history. We do not think that the annals of controversy can furnish a more complete reply to a dogmatic assumption of superior patriotism and piety than that contained in Mr. Buchanan's response to these Connecticut meddlers.—The country owes them thanks, for the first time in many years—thanks for exposing their vain and vapid sophistry to the irresistible artillery of the President's old-fashioned Pennsylvania logic and common sense."

We appeal to the honest and intelligent people of Pennsylvania, and the whole country, to say if there could have been written a more full, complete, and unequivocal endorsement of the doctrines and principles for which Mr. Buchanan is now so bitterly assailed, than is contained in the language used by Col. Forney on that occasion? At that time Col. Forney wrote in the spirit of friendship, and he spoke the words of truth. It was an honest, perhaps impulsive, homage to the patriot and statesman whom he had not then learned to hate and abuse. What has Mr. Buchanan done or said since that time to justify the change which has come over the feelings and opinions of his former eulogist? We defy the most searching caviller to produce a single principle or doctrine announced by him on this vexed subject which is not contained either in his Inaugural or the Silliman letter.

That our readers may have the whole question before them, as it was before Col. Forney when he penned the article from which we quote, we incorporate the following paragraph from the President's Inaugural, which, it must be borne in mind, had previously been announced to the country at the very moment of his entering upon the duties of his office:

"What a happy conception, then, was it for Congress to apply this simple rule—that the will of the majority shall govern—to the settlement of the question of domestic slavery in the territories! Congress is neither 'to legislate slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude it therefrom,' &c. As a natural consequence, Congress has also prescribed that when the Territory of Kansas shall be admitted as a State, it 'shall be received into the Union with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission.'

"A difference of opinion has arisen as to the point of time when the people of a territory shall decide this question for themselves.

"This is, happily, a matter of but little practical importance. Besides, it is a judicial question which legitimately belongs to the Supreme Court of the United States, before whom it is now pending, and will, it is understood, be speedily and finally settled. To their decision, in common with all good citizens, I shall cheerfully submit, whatever this may be, though it has ever been my individual opinion that, under the Nebraska Kansas act, the appropriate period will be when the number of actual residents in the territory shall justify the formation of a constitution with a view to its admission as a State into the Union."

Take these doctrines, thus approved and defended by Col. Forney in language of unbounded and enthusiastic eulogy, and compare them with the principles which he and his associates lately proclaimed at Harrisburg, and then say who has stood firm and true. For the purpose of making the comparison, we reproduce one of the resolutions of that body. It is as follows:

Resolved, In the language of Stephen A. Douglas, "*it matters not what way the Supreme Court hereafter decide as to the abstract question whether slavery may or may not go into a Territory under the constitution; the people have the lawful means to introduce it or exclude it, as they please, for the reason that slavery cannot exist a day or an hour anywhere unless it is supported by local police regulations.* Those police regulations can only be established by local legislation; and if the people are opposed to slavery, they will elect representatives to that body who will, by unfriendly legislation, effectually prevent the introduction of it into their midst. If, on the contrary, they are for it, their legislation will favor its extension. Hence, no matter what the decision of the Supreme Court may be on the abstract question, still the right of the people to make a slave Territory or a free Territory is perfect and complete."

Will Col. Forney attempt to reconcile the doctrines of the Silliman letter and his own editorial with the principles of the foregoing resolutions? Mr. Buchanan and his friends stand now where they stood then. Col. Forney, at that time, said they were right, and, with the pride of a true Pennsylvania Democrat, he called upon the National Democracy everywhere to rally to the support of "*the President's old fashioned Pennsylvania logic and common sense.*" But the scene has changed. The language of praise and adulation has given way to abuse, vituperation, and calumny. One thing is certain, there has been no change on the part of Mr. Buchanan. The record which we this day place before our readers is conclusive upon that point. Those who may be curious to know the causes which have wrought this wonderful metamorphosis may pursue the inquiry. For ourselves, we are content to place the facts before the country, and wait the judgment which honest and candid men shall pronounce upon them.

A single word more—applicable not only to Col. Forney, but to many others who now assail the President for his doctrines and principles on the question of popular sovereignty:—Why is it that these men never uttered a word of complaint, or interposed a word of dissent, at the time these announcements were first made by the President? Then it was all right. Then the President was a patriot and a statesman. No words of praise were too strong and no adulation too fulsome for them to indulge in. The files of the different departments groan under the accumulated weight of their urgent appeals for office and patronage for themselves and friends. Now, if these principles—which we have shown were as distinctly avowed at that time as they ever have been since—are so monstrous and so false to the doctrines of the Democratic party and the former pledges of the President, we call upon those men to answer to their own consciences and to the country, how it was that they were not only willing, but anxious, to receive office, patronage, and favor from a man who had thus proven so false and treacherous? We leave them to answer the question, and the country to pass judgment upon their answer.—*Constitution.*

Forney and the Silliman Letter.

When we published our article of the 24th inst., we had only an extract from the editorial of Colonel Forney, in which he endorsed the President's Silliman letter. Since then we have have procured the entire article, and desire further light on the subject. Let it be borne in mind that Mr. Buchanan, in his letter to Professor Silliman and his associates, announced the following doctrines: 1 Slavery exists in the territories under the Constitution of the United States. 2. The territorial legislature cannot abolish it, as that power can only be exercised by the people of the territories when they come to form a State constitution. 3. These principles, having been finally decided by the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, should be maintained in good faith by all law-abiding citizens. Such were the doctrines of the Silliman letter; and in publishing that letter in his paper, Forney makes the following editorial comments:

"At midnight of yesterday evening, just as we were preparing to go to press, the telegraph brought us the following correspondence between President Buchanan and forty three citizens of Connecticut, (most of them, we believe, clergymen,) headed by the somewhat famous Professor B. Silliman, of Yale College, New Haven. We cannot allow these remarkable papers to go before our readers without expressing our own sentiments upon one or two of the points presented.

"A public man who is fortunate in his friends is an object of envy to his opponents.—But Mr. Buchanan is fortunate in his enemies; eminently fortunate, in that they have furnished him an opportunity of appealing against an insane sectionalism, at a critical period like the present, to the whole country. The exeuutive is compelled, both by custom and by courtesy, to be silent in the midst of calumny. He must stand by and see his motives impugned and his sincerity suspected, and refrain from the utterance of that word which, spoken from him, would blow his assailants into the air.—But there are proper exceptions to the geneal rule, and, in this case, the exception enables a good man to rebuke, in the language of the simple truth, a most unwarantable and gratuitous indignity to himself, and a gross libel upon history. We do not think that the annals of controversy can furnish a more complete reply to a dogmatic assumption of superior patriotism and piety than that contained in Mr. Buchanan's response to these Connecticut meddlers.—The country owes them thanks for the first time in many years—thanks for exposing their vain and vapid sophistry to the irresistible artillery of the President's old fashioned Pennsylvania logic and common sense.

"There is that in the President's letter which appeals to higher emotions than party feelings. When he wrote his great Oregon letter, now ten years ago, he struck a chord in every patriotic heart, and was answered by an outburst of unusual enthusiasm and praise. And so it will be now. He sheds along the dark pathway that has led into our Kansas troubles a flood of light. He dissipates a thousand falsehoods in an instant. He fortifies his own position. He invigorates the friends of the Constitution. He deprives sectionalism of the only weapons left in its armory of expedients. He puts the stamp of authoritative denial upon its statements; and says to its misrepresentations, 'Thus far shalt thou go, and no farther.' To the thousands of honest men, of every party, who want peace and an end to agitation, such a voice from the Executive will be welcomed with gratitude.

"But we have no time for further comment. Thus wrote the [illegible] writing." President, under the inspiration which his patriotic letter had produced. Days and weeks passed over his head, and no change was wrought in the opinions so honestly entertained and frankly spoken. There was to Mr. Forney's mind, at that time, no violation of popular sovereignty, no betrayal of the Cincinnati platform—no want of fidelity to Democratic principles—in holding the doctrine that slavery existed in the territories under the Constitution of the United States; and that the time for the people to decide whether or not they would have slavery was when they formed their State constitution; and that the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case should be respected, and in good faith carried out. He then saw and felt that Mr. Buchanan had "*shed along the dark pathway that has led into our Kansas troubles a flood of light.*" He then read, in this masterly letter of the President, the evidence of patriotism, ability, and statesmanship. "*A thousand falsehoods*" had been dissipated, in an instant, "by the old fashioned Pennsylvania logic and common sense of the President."—The positions of Mr. Buchanan on this distracting question had been "fortified," the friends of the constitution "invigorated," and "sectionalism deprived of the only weapons left in its armory of expedients." Well and truly did he declare, in this outburst of honest and enthusiastic endorsement, that "*to the thousand of honest men, of every party, who want peace and an end to agitation, such a voice from the Executive will be welcomed with gratitude.*" This was the language of truthful prophecy. That voice and those principles have spoken peace and quiet to a distracted country, and put an end to a useless and wicked agitation, and the patriotic people of all parties and all sections do welcome these results with grateful hearts.

But Mr. Forney does not join in this generous and universal feeling with the democracy.—The friend has become the *reviler*. Disappointed, chagrined, and mortified, he turns his back not only upon former friends, but upon his own solemn declartions and would dig up from the grave the foul imputations of "these Connecticut meddlers," and seek to sanctify with his embittered resentments that which his own pen has pronounced false, arrogant, and calumnious. It would seem that Forney has studied, to some purpose, the idea that the President "must stand by and see his motives impugned and his sincerity suspected, and refrain from the utterance of that word which, spoken from him, would blow his assailants into air." In this case there is no necessity for the speaking of that magic word; and we leave the victim to that bitter remorse and humiliation which he has wantonly brought upon himself. —*Constitution.*

☞"What a fine gentleman!" exclaimed a young lady, when walking out with her beau, as a slim six-footer passed by. "Yes," retorted the beau, who was rather corpulent, "If he was much 'finer' we would not be able to see him."

☞Fashionable intelligence—Long dresses make clean crossings.

THE EVILS OF SCIENCE.

Science has wrought out immense advantages for mankind, and we are therefore apt to regard the "triumphs of science," as we term them, as yielding only benefits. But, like the tree of "the knowledge of good and evil," science yields a two-fold crop; and, although the good predominates, the evil is so extensive as to do much harm. We may see the evidence of this every day. The art of photography gladdens millions of hearts by faithful pictures of loved ones, while it ministers to that appreciation of the beautiful which is found in every breast by its marvellous delineations of other natural objects. Yet this exquisite art enables the counterfeiter to imitate with exact faithfulness the bills of any bank he may select; thus putting it in his power to rob the community of thousands of dollars, and making him more to be dreaded than an army of highwaymen, since he operates in secret and his mischief is wide-spread. A knowledge of chemistry has become indispensable for the comfort of civilized communities; but by it the very food and drink we consume are in many instances converted into slow poisons in order to enrich unscrupulous men. Pure wines are almost an anomaly. Large manufactories are established to make a spurious article, and from whiskey, cider, low-cost wine, or some other cheap material, are produced, by means of drugs and dye-woods, all the varieties of wines from Johannisberg to Port. To speak of the "sparkling wine" is almost a figure of speech, while to say "generous wine" would be quite ridiculous, since anything "simonpure" is rarely to be found outside of the wine-grower's private cellar.

It requires some confidence to sit down to the most tempting dinner, since a late writer in the Knickerbocker declares that our flour contains alum, bone-dust, powder flints, and plaster of Paris; our bread, in addition, chalk, pipe-clay, carbon, ammonia, sulphate of copper, and sulphate of zinc; our sugar, among other 'light' ingredients, lead, iron, sand; our cocoa and chocolate, Venitian red, red ochre, lard, tallow; our tea, besides half a hundred kinds of leaves, chrome yellow, soapstone, Prussian blue, arsenite of copper, potash, and similar "wholesome" substances; our *pickles*, even, salts of copper; our honey, pipe-clay; and our vinegar, sulphuric acid! In vain would "good digestion wait on appetite" after a meal in which such delicacies formed part of the feast.

In sulphuric ether science gave to suffering humanity a balm of sovereign power. It robs wounds of their pain, prolongs life, and transforms the knife of the surgeon from an instrument of torment into a harmless tool. But in the hands of the vicious and depraved this benefactor annihilates time and space, and human life, too, as we learn, at a fearful cost every year. The sewing machine lightens the burdens of many housewives and cheapens clothing for the millions; but hundreds of women in our shoe-manufacturing towns have been deprived by it of a light and profitable source of employment, while their poor sisters in the cities, who "stitch, stitch, stitch," till body and mind are weary and faint, are driven to a still fiercer struggle for bread, and perchance to a life of crime and misery. Science can save life; it is employed to destroy it. Happiness is promoted by it, and misery caused by it, but only because man is unscrupulous and abuses it. The good of science overpoweringly predominates, but it is well sometimes to look at the obverse side.

EDITORIAL SCRIMMAGE.—The Black Republicans of Quincy, Illinois, lately engaged a six feet fellow to assail Mr. Brooks, editor of the *Herald*, published there. The following is Mr. Brooks's account of the fracas, the correctness of which is verified by other statements:

"About five o'clock in the afternoon, as we were passing the *Whig* office, this dirty scoundrel, Sheremberg, who had been harbored there all day, ran out and struck us with a stick.—We turned upon the cowardly dog and chased him more than a half a block, down Hampshire street. The dirty whelp outran us. He went in the direction of Pike's Peak. Up to the hour that our paper went to press—ten o'clock, last night, we were unable to hear of him.—Our opinion is that he had better continue to run—better not stop—it will certainly be better for his health! He left his hat behind, which his friends can have by calling at our office. And this is the fellow—this cowardly, skulking, running dog, that the Black Republicans of this city put up to fight their battles for them! We feel too good humored to abuse the poor devil this morning. His cowardly assault, and his still more cowardly flight are the butt of ridicule and contempt of his own personal and political friends. In order that our readers abroad may understand and appreciate the cowardly scoundrel as he deserves, we will state in conclusion, that he is a man over six feet in height—but just as cowardly as he is high—and this long-legged puppy, after thus assaulting us, in a most sneaking and cowardly manner, absolutely, in the presence of a hundred persons, took to his heels and ran! Go it! Scheremberg!—Brooks is after you!—and he'll catch you, too, notwithstanding the length of your legs."

Scheremberg's fleetness was accelerated by the erroneous impression that Brooks was after him with a knife of disagreeable length.

☞One pretty Sabbath morning, recently, while Henry Ward Beecher was on his way to church, he found the sidewalk occupied by a number of boys playing marbles, upon which he exclaimed: "What, boys, playing marbles on the Sabbath day? Why, you frighten me!" Upon which a hardened little sinner looked up and answered: "Frightened, ha! why don't you run, then?"

Agricultural.

THE TIME TO CUT WHEAT.

This has been made a matter of careful experiment in England, and much more depends upon it than is generally supposed.

From a very careful series of experiments made in England, in 1840–41, by Mr. John Hanman, of Yorkshire, with a view of determining the proper period of reaping wheat, it was decided that the best time for performing the operation is, when it is in a "raw" state, or when the straw, as seen from a distance, appears green, but, closely examined, is found to be approximating to yellow, and the grain itself, being separated from the chaff is pulpy and soft, but not in the milky stage. This gentleman has shown that, at least six dollars per acre is lost by allowing the wheat to become ripe before it is cut, and, at the same time, its quality is not so good.

The chief advantages derived from this method, are stated to be greater weight of grain to a given space of ground, which produces more flour, of a superior quality; the straw contains more nutritive matter, and is better relished by animals; and there is a better opportunity of securing the crop, and a saving in so doing, as there is less waste in mowing or reaping the wheat by the dropping out of the seed.

It will be seen in this matter, how much a farmer's success depends upon an accurate knowledge of his business. Even in so small an item as the cutting of grain, the owner of fifty acres would lose three hundred dollars, by harvesting a few days too late. There are many other farm operations in which accurate knowledge is quite as important. Is it any wonder so many of our farmers do not make money when there are a hundred holes in their pockets through which the money is dripping out in dollars, dimes, and cents. The whole year is a scene of prodigal waste, for want of a little knowledge. Wood is wasted for a good stove, or a tight house. Ashes is wasted for a want of a dry place to put them. Fodder is wasted for want of a tight barn to shelter cattle in the winter nights. Manures are wasted for want of a barn cellar, and sheds and absorbents. Labor is wasted for want of manure to produce maximum crops. Is it strange with all these leaks, that the farmer's till does not fill up

Experiments in plowing.

twenty years ago—I think it was in the fall of 1838—we had a piece of land containing about three-fourths of an acre. It had been mowed a long time, and needed plowing. We began to plow it in the fall, late in November. We used one pair of oxen and two horses, and plowed it deep. We plowed around the whole piece, and when it was about half done, there came a snow storm and the remainder was left until spring. We then finished plowing it with one pair of horses, and of course it was plowed about half as deep as that done in the fall. We harrowed it, manured all alike and planted it with corn. The crop was good, but we could not see any difference between the deep fall plowing and the shallow spring plowing.

A few years afterwards—I thing it was in 1845—we had a piece of land an acre or more which had been mowed several years, and the grass was run out. It needed plowing, and as we had seen deep plowing highly recommended, we concluded to try it. We had a great plough and plenty of team. We hitched on two or three yoke of oxen and two horses, and turned it over deeper than I ever plowed any land before or since. It was probably plowed from ten to sixteen inches deep. We harrowed, manured and planted as usual with corn. The hoeing was very easy. The sod was turned under so deep, that no one would mistrust that it was sod land. The crop was good.—We did not perceive that it was either better or worse than we have raised on the same land with the same quantity of manure, before and also since that time, when we have plowed it from four to six inches deep.—*Country Gent.*

EFFECTS OF THE GRASSHOPPERS.

It will be remembered that the grasshoppers destroped nearly everything green, in portions of our State, last year. In Chester county, except in limited portions they were not so bad. In many places in Bucks county, as we learn from the Intelligencer, where the grasshoppers were so destructive last summer and autumn, the farmers have been obliged to plough up their wheat stubble, as the young clover and timothy had been entirely destroyed by the ravenous pests. In most cases the fields have been plowed with the intention of planting them with corn, which seems to be the best use that can be made out of the ground. A few have sown them with oats and grass seed. Where the grasshoppers prevailed last summer, the crop of grass this season will generally be light, as they seem to have done a permanent injury to the grass. In the usually productive agricultural district known as "Holland," in Northampton township, nearly every farmer has broken up his wheat stubble for corn, the grass having been entirely killed by the grasshoppers.

CABBAGES.

To secure true solid heads on those stocks that manifest a disposition to grow to what are known as "long shanks," take a penknife and and stab it through the stock about the middle insert a small piece of wood to keep the incision open, which will check the growth.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, June 10, 1859.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JOHN ROWE,
OF FRANKLIN.

Delegate Elections.

Pursuant to rules adopted by the Democratic party of Bedford county, at their regular Meeting held in February, 1856, which rules are now in force, the Democratic Vigilance Committees of the several townships and boroughs of Bedford county, are hereby requested to give written notice that elections will be held in their respective districts, on SATURDAY, THE 18th DAY OF JUNE, NEXT, for the purpose of selecting two delegates from each district to represent such district in the coming Democratic County Convention, said Convention to meet in the borough of Bedford, on TUESDAY, THE 21st DAY OF JUNE, NEXT, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of putting in nomination a County Ticket and appointing Legislative Conferees to meet similar Conferees from Somerset county. The Democratic voters of the several townships and boroughs, are also requested to attend to the election of Vigilance Committees for the ensuing year, which Committees will be chosen on the same day on which the Delegate Elections are advertised to be held. Return of the result of these elections, will be made to the undersigned, on the day of the meeting of the County Convention.

By order of the Democratic Co. Committee.

JACOB REED,
Chairman.

May 27th, 1859.

THE "AMERICAN" PARTY.

Reader, put on your retrospective glasses, and look back with us to that memorable era in the politics of our country, when the old Whig party lay in the throes of dissolution, and when upon the ruins of that party, was upreared that famous and infamous organization which struck at freedom of conscience, freedom of speech and the civil and political rights of a large and honorable class of American citizens. Look back to the years 1854 and 1855, and tell us what was the dominant power? You say the "AMERICAN" party, and you say truly. And who were the leaders of that party in Bedford county? who the men that counselled and advised the good people of this region to connect themselves with it? You say FRANCIS JORDAN was one of them, and again you say truly. You remember his speeches in favor of the doctrines of Americanism—harangue after harangue; you remember his long-winded, gaseous editorials setting forth that "Americans must rule America." Aye, Francis Jordan was one of the earliest as well as one of the most active propagators of "Americanism." And now look forward to 1856.—Behold our friend, the aforesaid Francis, playing into the hands of the "Republican" Abolitionists, assisting in the attempt to carry Pennsylvania for Fremont, and secretly plotting with other treacherous "Americans" to sell out his quondam party for the benefit of his new political love. And then bring down your review to the present time. You find the "American" organization almost extinct. You find that once proud party, in whose cause Mr. Jordan went about proselyting, (himself assured of its eternal permanence and assuring others of its indubitable imperishability) lying low in the dust. Scoffed at, spit upon, kicked and cuffed by the very men who once travelled about the country singing peans in his praise—"SAM"—poor "SAM"—unfortunate, betrayed, deserted "SAM" — is an outcast and a beggar among his own followers. He

> Finds not a generous friend, a pitying foe,
> Strength in his arm, nor mercy in his woe.

Yes, the men who in 1854 and 1855, told the people that "Americans MUST rule America," and that the only salvation for our country was in the success of the "American" organization, now laugh in derisive triumph, when they hear of "American" failures and the breaking down of "American" Conventions. Francis Jordan's Abolition organ now publishes with great gusto disparaging accounts of "American" movements, and in its last issue says, with childish glee, that the recent "American" State Convention was the "GREATEST FIZZLE OF THE DAY!" Who would have thought a few years ago, that the great "American" party would come so soon to this complexion? And who will dare say now, that the *great* "People's" party will not meet the same fate before another lustrum shall have passed away?

☞Democrats, don't forget the delegate elections on next Saturday week. Let there be a full attendance, and good men and sound Democrats chosen as delegates. The election of Vigilance Committees should also be attended to without fail. Keep up the organization and all will be well.

PARADE AT BLOODY RUN.

Monday last was a gala day in Bloody Run. There the "beauty and chivalry" of Bedford county, "had gathered then," and the hot June sun shone brightly "o'er fair women and brave men." It was the occasion of the Regimental Parade of "the first Regiment of the first Brigade and 16th Division of the Uniformed Militia of Pennsylvania." Although not in the least militarily inclined, we could not resist the temptation to go and see the warlike display. So, seated in a comfortable hack, in company with a few friends, we started for the "scene of action." Arrived at Bloody Run, we found that place crowded with soldiers and spectators, the bonnie lasses of the neighboring country making up a goodly portion of the latter. After making the circuit of the village several times and shaking hands with many of our old friends, we sat down to dinner at Maj. Morgart's, and helped to bring about the speedy disappearance of as good a meal as you will find anywhere within a hundred miles of Bedford. We also looked in at Steckman's, Gump's and Dibert's, and found everything quite *comme il faut*. (*Anglice*, "*jam up.*") After dinner we took another long, lingering look at the military, and then concluded to wend our way back to the ancient village of Bedford, which we did, satisfied that there are worse places than Bloody Run and less pleasant trips than the one we were about bringing to a close.

There were four companies in attendance at this parade, the Cumberland Valley Blues, Capt. Haney; Bedford Riflemen, Cap. Sansom; Independent Blues, Capt. States; and the Hopewell Riflemen, Capt. Horton. All these companies (so far as our knowledge of military tactics warrants us in giving an opinion) are well drilled and made throughout quite a creditable appearance. The Regiment was under the command of Col. Lowry and was put through the drill by Capt. Sansom. Brigade Inspector Evans was also present and engaged in the performance of the duties pertaining to his office.

We have not been able to ascertain the result of the election for Brigade and Regimental officers, but it is presumed that it is as follows:

BRIGADIER GENERAL, Lemuel Evans.
BRIGADE INSPECTOR, A. J. Sansom.
COLONEL, Alex. Compher.
LIEUT. COLONEL, S. B. Tate.
MAJOR, B. F. Horn.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

In our last issue the majority for LETCHER, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Virginia, was set down at 3000. We have not, as yet, been able to ascertain the exact result, but the latest accounts put LETCHER'S majority at 6000, or upwards. The Congressional delegation stands 12 Democrats to 1 Opposition, Chas. J. Faulkner, Old Line Whig, supported by the Democrats, having been defeated by Alex. R. Boteler, American. Virginia, "the mother of states and of statesmen," stands firmly by the Democratic flag. She is the break-waalism—the battle-ground on which the enemies of the National Democracy, found their Waterloo in '55 and where they have just experienced their initial disaster in the struggle about beginning for the Presidency. Virginia stemmed the torrent of Know Nothingism and made herself the rallying point for the National Democracy, at the opening of the last Presidential campaign, and now she has risen once more, the first star that illumines the political sky, the first ray of Democratic light that chases the gloom of sectionalism from the horizon of politics. Her victory over Know Nothingism in '55, was followed by triumph after triumph, on the Democratic side, until the success of our party culminated in the glorious termination of the contest for President. Is it not fairly inferable that such will be the case again?

A DENIAL.—Mr. Jordan denies in his organ of last week, that Horace Greeley, the editor of the *Tribune*, used the language imputed to him in our issue of week before last. We reiterate that Mr. Greeley did use that language, and if Mr. Jordan will bring us the files of the *Tribune* for the last year, we will obligate ourselves to show it to him. Greeley's stigma upon the laboring classes is *verbatim* as follows:

"A considerable part of the white population (of Hayti at the time of the abolition of slavery in that country,) were *petit blancs*, so called, little whites, the same with the POOR WHITE TRASH of our Southern States, without education or property, but exceedingly tenacious, like OUR POOR WHITE TRASH NORTH and South, of a distinction which enabled them to take rank of the most accomplished and wealthy MEN OF COLOR."

Again we call upon the honest, hard-working yeomanry of Bedford county, to bear in mind these bitter words of the haughty aristocrat that edits the *Tribune*. Shall such a calumniator of white freemen, receive any countenance, or support from the people of this county?

☞The Opposition to the Democracy in Virginia, were so confident of the election of their candidate for Governor, Mr. Goggin, that they gave him an ovation at which he was addressed as "GOVERNOR GOGGIN," and the Richmond *Whig* closed its report as follows:

"At the depot, *Gov.* Goggin parted from his friends, but told them in tones of confidence, that he expected to be elected, and would therefore meet them all again on the first of January next, when he would come to Richmond to be installed in office."

That was "counting chickens before they were hatched." Eh?

☞WM. M. HALL, Esq., has resumed the practice of the law in this place. Mr. Hall's legal abilities are well known, and he will doubtless soon regain his former practice.

SEVERE FROST.—On Saturday night last, a severe frost visited this neighborhood, making dreadful havoc among the vegetables. It was at first supposed that it had injured the grain, but we learn that it did but little damage to that crop. We notice telegraphic reports from Northern Ohio and from New York, stating that on the same night the fruit and grain were severely frozen in those sections. It seems that this frost was general all over the Northern and Middle States.

SOMERSET COUNTY DEMOCRACY.—We notice by the last *Democrat*, that the Democracy of Somerset are re-organizing for the coming campaign, and that they have appointed an influential and active County Committee, of which our old friend and fellow student, LEWIS LICHTY, ESQ., is Chairman. Mr. LICHTY is an able man, and under his direction the Somerset Democracy will, doubtless, gain renewed and lasting vigor.

☞The Bedford Riflemen, at their election on Monday last, chose the following officers:

CAPTAIN, Thos. H. Lyons.
1ST LIEUT., Wm. Keeffe.
2d do W. P. Mower.

The officers are all "good looking" and will be allowed to "come in"—on all military occasions. "Shulder *keine* gewehr!"

☞The attention of our readers is directed to the new advertisements in this week's *Gazette*: Ferguson and Manspeaker's varieties; Farm for sale, by John C. Black, of E. Providence; Bedford Classical Institute, by Messrs. Lyon; etc., etc.

REAPING MACHINES, &c.—Manny's combined Reaper and Mower has for a long time maintained its position as the best machine of the kind in use. Mr. DAVID HILLES is the agent for Bedford county. See his advertisement in another column.

Broad Top Coal Trade.

The shipments of Coal over the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad, for the week

ending June 2, amounted to	2,296	tons.
Previously this year,	47,837	"
Total since Jan. 1,	50,133	"
To the same time last year,	28,093	"
Increase,	22,040	"

Mr. Buchanan's Administration.

The Detroit *Free Press* of the 19th ult., contains a well-written and comprehensive review of the policy and measures of President Buchanan's Administration, showing that they are entitled to the applause and approval of the democratic party of the Union, and summing them up as follows:

1. The Administration has produced a settlement of the Kansas question and established perfect order in that long-distracted Territory.

2. It has put an end to the fillibustering expeditions of Walker & Co.

3. It has put an end to the rebellion in Utah, and established order and peace in that Territory.

4. It has subdued the hostile Indians with redoubled force in Washington Territory, and compelled them to sue for peace on its own terms.

5. It has done the same in Oregon, and forced the Indians to relinquish hostilities and sue for peace.

6. It has done the same in the war with the Indians in New Mexico, and in like manner compelled them to sue for peace.

7. It has made a new and highly advantageous commercial treaty with China.

8. It has made a new and advantageous treaty with Japan.

9. It has obtained a most important diplomatic victory over England by extorting from her an abandonment of the long-assumed right to search American vessels.

10. It has established an overland mail to California and the Pacific coast.

11. It has admitted two new free States into the Union, and thus secured a large extension of the field for "free labor."

12. It has sent a naval expedition to Paraguay, and obtained an apology for insults to the American flag, indemnity for injuries received, and grants of new commercial privileges and rights of navigation.

13. It has paid off more than nine millions of the public debt, at a time of pressure in the money market and general embarrassment in the business of the country that is without a parallel in our history.

14. It has reduced the expenses of the government from eighty one millions to less than seventy millions, and will soon have them graduated to a scale of about fifty millions.

15. It is engaged in the negotiation of a treaty with England for the settlement of the difficulties and disputes that have arisen under the Clayton Bulwer treaty, with every prospect of success.

16. It is engaged in the negotiation of a treaty with Nicaragua for the right of transit of American citizens and property across the isthmus and the payment of American claims, with encouraging prospects of success.

Such is the record. Now why is not this an Administration that the whole Democratic party of the Union can rally around and sustain and encourage?

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

RICHMOND, June 4.—The Secretary of the Commonwealth has official returns from 107 counties. Letcher's majority is 4,656. There are 44 counties yet to be officially heard from.

The counties officially reported include most of the Opposition strongholds. It is now believed that the Democratic majority will be 6,000 or more.

Important Political Movements in Cincinnati —Probability of Three Tickets in the Field.

CINCINNATI, June 4.

The Americans here are dissatisfied with the Republican platform made at Columbus on Thursday last, and a Mass Meeting is to be held on Thursday next, to take independent action.

This difficulty, unless harmonized, may give this county to the Democrats, and the next Legislature to the same party. The Legislature elect a Senator in the place of Senator Pugh, and consequently the action of the Mass Meeting will be looked for with great interest.

THE FIRST BATTLE IN ITALY.

THE FRENCH AND SARDINIANS VICTORIOUS.

Important News From Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

FIVE DAYS LATER ADVICES.

ADVANCE OF THE ALLIES ON LOMBARDY.

BATTLE OF MONTEBELLO.

Complete Rout of the Austrians, with a Loss of Fifteen Hundred Men.

French Loss Stated at Six or Seven Hundred.

ANOTHER ENGAGEMENT AND VICTORY OF THE SARDINIANS.

THE PASSAGE OF THE SESIA FORCED.

GARIBALDI OPERATING IN NORTHERN LOMBARDY.

REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENTS THERE

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 4.

The screw steamship City of Washington, from Liverpool, on Wednesday, the 26th of May, via Queenstown 26th, arrived here on Thursday evening, en route to New York.

The steamship Africa, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 23d ult.

The War in Italy—The first Battle at Montebello—The French and Sardinians Victorious.

The first battle has been fought at Montebello.

The battle of Montebello took place on the 21st ult. The French accounts say that the Austrians, 15,000 strong, under General Stadion, attacked the advanced posts of Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers, and were driven back by General Forey's division, after a fierce combat of four hours duration, The Allies, including some Piedmontese cavalry, carried Montebello, but did not pursue the Austrians.

The loss of the latter is stated by the French, at 1500 to 2000, and that of the French, at 600 to 700, of whom *many were officers!*—Two hundred Austrians, including a colonel, were taken prisoners.

The Austrian account simply states that General Stadion pushed forward a connoissance by a forced march towards Liglis and Montebello, but after a hot fight with a French force of a superior strength, *retreated behind the Po* in perfect order.

The actual strength of the French is not stated. Reports say they numbered from 6,000 to 7,000, besides a regiment of Sardinian cavalry.

Another Engagement with the Austrians—The Sardinians Victorious.

A Sardinian bulletin announces that the extreme left of the Sardinian army, under General Chialdini, forced a passage over the Sesia, putting the Austrians to flight.

Other trifling engagements are reported.

General Garibaldi had entered Gravellona, on the Piedmontese side of Lake Maggiore, with 6,000 men, his object being revolutionary. His purpose is to push into Lombardy.

Prince Napoleon and a small French force had arrived at Leghorn, for the purpose of supporting the Sardinian authority in Tuscany.

It was rumored that six English men-of-war have entered the Adriatic.

The Latest Despatches.

TURIN, May 24, 1859.—General Gyulai has removed his headquarters to Garlasco, and has everywhere ordered the people to give up their arms, under pain of being shot for disobedience.

General Garibaldi has made forty-seven more prisoners.

ALESSANDRIA, May 24, 1859.—The wounded at Montebello have been brought here.

Arrival of Austrian Prisoners in France.

MARSEILLES, May 26, 1859.—Some Austrian prisoners have arrived here.

Revolutionary Movements in Lombardy.

BERNE, May 25, 1859.—Revolutionary movements are reported in Lombardy.

NAPLES.

The King of Naples was dead, and Francis the Second had assumed the reins of government. England and France are about to send representatives to Naples.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Differences between Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell—Anticipated defeat of the Derby Ministry—The Atlantic Telegraph.

Political differences have arisen between Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell.

The defeat of the Derby Ministry is anticipated on the meeting of Parliament.

A general meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company has been called, to sanction the heads of the agreement with the Government, and issue of preference shares £600,000 new capital.

FRANCE.

The Moniteur announces that France adheres to the abolition of privateering, and the principle that a neutral flag covers the enemy's goods.

Foreigners Disfranchised in Massachusetts.

The late returns of the Massachusetts constitutional election prove how strong a hold the sentiment of hostility to foreigners has upon the Republican party of that state.—Some months ago, an amendment was proposed to the constitution of that state, excluding foreign-born citizens from the polls, for two years after their naturalization. This amendment has just been carried. Every Democratic paper in Massachusetts opposed it. Every Republican paper either supported it, or feared to condemn it. Mssachusetts will hereafter enjoy the infamous eminence of being the only state in the Union where ignorant negroes are allowed rights and privileges which are denied to intelligent and patriotic white men. Such are the fruits of Republican misrule.—*Islander & Argus.*

—WASHINGTON, June 3d.—The President has issued a proclamation for the sale of the public lands of Iowa, commencing at Fort Dodge on the 26th of September, at Sioux City on the 3d of October. They are in the North-western part of Iowa, at the head of the Des Moines river and its tributaries.

—PRESIDENT BUCHANAN has accepted the invitation of the Trustees of the University of North Carolina, to attend the Commencement at Chapel Hill in June. A portion of the Cabinet will accompany him.

STRAIGHT AMERICAN CONVENTION.—A State Convention of Straight Americans, composed of *fifteen* gentlemen, claiming to represent the counties of Philadelphia, Westmoreland, Armstrong, Washington, Greene, Crawford, Fayette, Allegheny, and Dauphin, met in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, Tuesday last, and appointed Mr. J. J. HERRON, of Cumberland county, as President, and T. F. Wilson, of Allegheny, as Secretary.

After an interchange of opinion, a preamble, declaring it expedient under the present circumstances to take any definite action in regard to the approaching State election, and the following resolution, were adopted:

Resolved, That we still adhere with abiding faith to the principles of the American party, as enacted in the platform adopted at the American State Convention in the city of Lancaster in June, 1857; and that we pledge to each other our united efforts in promulgating and sustaining these principles.

The Chairman was authorised to appoint a State Central Committee; whereupon, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

—COL. SAMUEL C. STAMBAUGH, of Lancaster, Pa., has been appointed Surveyor General of Utah.

Announcements.

Associate Judge.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce CAPT. WILLIAM STATES, of West Providence township, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

We are authorized to announce MAJ. JAS. PATTON, of Broad Top township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

County Surveyor.

MESSRS EDITORS: Please announce SAMUEL KETTERMAN, as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Surveyor, if nominated by the Democratic County Convention.

LIBERTY.

Commissioner.

MESSRS. MEYERS & BENFORD: WILLIAM M. PEARSON, of Middle Woodberry township, is recommended as a suitable person to be put in nomination by the coming Democratic County Convention, for the office of Commissioner.

MORRISON'S COVE.

We are authorized to state that A. J. GRIFFITH, of Bedford township, will be a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Auditor.

MESSRS. EDITORS: DANIEL FLETCHER, of Monroe township, is suggested as a suitable person to be put in nomination for the office of Auditor, by the Democratic County Convention.

CLEAR RIDGE.

J. Selby Mower,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEDFORD PENN'A.

WILL faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his care.
June 10, 1859-1y.

William M. Hall

HAS resumed the practice of the Law. Office on Pitt Street two doors West of Hafer's Hotel.
[june 10,'59.-4t.]

Bedford Classical Institute.

REV. JOHN LYON,
T. LYTTLETON LYON, A. M., } PRINCIPALS.

THE Summer session of this Institution will open on Friday, the 1st day of July 1859.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community.

The spacious brick building adjoining the residence of Dr. Wm. Watson, has been secured for the purposes of the Academy.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten,) will be received into the family of the Principals, as borders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most pesirable location for such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting at the Springs, can be near their children during the summer.

TERMS. } $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, light, and Tuition in all the branches.

Terms for day scholars:

Per Quarter. } $6.—English Branches.
$7.50, Classical do &c.
June 10,'59.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration with the will annexed, have been this day granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the subscriber residing in Bedford Borough, on the estate of John Oster, late of Cumberland Valley township, dec'd. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same without delay and those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN H. RUSH,
June 10, 1858. Administrator.

NEW BANK,
NEW RAIL ROAD AND NEW
Shoe And
VARIETY
STORE.

FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER have just returned from the East, *another time*, with a splendid lot of SHOES, of every kind, particularly Women's and Children's Summer ware, CHEAPER THAN EVER.

—ALSO—

A very large assortment of Dry Goods.

—ALSO—

GROCERIES, and in their Variety department contained a little of everything.

CALL and see prices and qualities.

CALICO at 4 cents a yard, for instance, and everything else in proportion.

P. S. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, at market price.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.
Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOE MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phila.	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsburg,	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		Balto.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on *Monday, the 27th day of June*, his farm, situated in East Providence township, Bedford county, within eight miles of the Bedford Railroad, adjoining lands of John Nycum, Sr, and others, containing 220 acres, more or less, 100 acres cleared, under good fence, and well set in grass; the balance well timbered with white and yellow pine, and known as the Dickinson or Deal tract. The farm is also well watered, two streams running through it. The improvements consist of a large and commodious bank barn, good dwelling house and tenant house. TERMS made known on day of sale—to suit purchasers.

JOHN C. BLACK.
June 10,'59.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County to report a distribution of the money due from the Estate of Thomas Keeffe, deceased, as shown by the account of G. H. Spang Esq., administrator of the estate of Thomas Keeffe, who was one of the Executors of John Keeffe, dec'd will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Friday the 24th day of June, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend. JNO. P. REED,
June 10,'59. Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 9th day of July, A. D., 1859, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, to wit: All Defft's right title and interest, in and to one tract of land, containing 400 acres, more or less, about 150 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story dwelling house, double log stable, and other out-buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Jacob Cypher, Jacob Eicher and others, situated in Liberty township, Bedford county; seized and taken in execution as the property of William Fisher, and to be sold for cash.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, } WM. S. FLUKE,
June 10th, 1859. } Sheriff.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

HAVING been appointed agent for Manny's Combined Reaper and Mower, with Wood's Improvement, I confidently recommend it to the farmers of Bedford county, as the best Machine yet offered to the public. I am also agent for Wood's Great Mowing Machine, which is cheap and entirely meets the wants of large and small farms. For any information in regard to either, apply to Wm. Hartley, Bedford, Pa.

DAVID HILLES,
Agent for Bedford & Blair, Cos.

J. M. Van Horn,
AUCTIONEER
AND
SALE CRIER.

☞RESIDENCE—Bloody Run, Pa.
June 3,'59-3t.

UNION HOTEL,
BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he still keeps the Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all friends and the travelling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.
June 3, 1859.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF
HOUSE and LOT.

BY Virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, the undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises, on Tuesday the 12th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, a HOUSE and LOT OF GROUND situate in Juniata tp., Bedford County, on the road leading from Schellsburg, to Buena Vista, said lot containing two acres, adjoining lands of John Gillespie, Jonathan Feichtner and John Mullin, all cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house thereon erected, being the late residence of Catharine Thomas deceased. Terms, Cash. Any information desired in regard to the premises, can be had by calling on the subscriber residing near Buena Vista, or John P. Reed, Bedford.

JOHN McCREARY,
Adm'r of the Estate
June 3,'59. of Catharine Thomas dec'd.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the land-holders of Cumberland Valley tp., that no obstructions will hereafter be allowed in the public roads of said township. The legal width of such roads is 33 feet, and all fences protruding upon either side of them, and all other obstructions to free passage upon them, will hereafter be dealt with as the law directs. Persons whose fences, or other property, thus obstruct said roads, are requested to remove them as soon as possible.—This notice is given at the instance of many citizens of Cumberland Valley.

SAMUEL DRENNING,
June 3,'59. Supervisor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted by the Register &c., of Bedford county to the undersigned upon the estate of Christiana Fluke, late of South Woodberry tp., dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY FLUKE,
June 3, 1859. Administrator.

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Cream &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

And free from Alcoholic Stimulant, and all injurious ingredients;

Are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure SWIMMING OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

may 27,'59-1y.

Regular Habits.—The health of the human body depends in a great measure on habits of regularity and careful protection from the sudden changes of temperature incident to our climate. Wet feet or a sudden blast of cold, has produced an obstruction that has frequently laid the system under a contribution from which it has never recovered. These are the seeds which bring around a cough or cold, which, unless early and carefully attended to, end in consumption, from which few recover. The cough or cold is always cured by a bottle or two of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Cough Syrup, and sometimes even the latter disease, but very rarely by anything. It will always ease the complaint however, and as it costs a mere trifle, it should be tried. It will surely never do any harm.

Sold at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store, Bedford, and at Colvin's, Schellsburg.

Fits! Fits! Fits!

Persons laboring under this distressing malady will find Dr. Hance's Epileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy or Falling Fits. These Pills possess a specific action on the nervous system; and although prepared especially for the purpose of curing fits; they will be found of especial benefit to all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. The dyspeptic patient, whose stomach has lost the power of duly converting food into a life sustaining element, is relieved by a single course of these extraordinary Pills. The gastric fluid re-acquires its solvent power and the crude nutriment which was a load and a burden to the sufferer, while his digestive organization was paralized and unstrung, becomes under the wholesome revolution created in the system, the basis of strength, activity, and health.

Sent to any part of the country by mail, free of postage. Address SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. Price—one box, $3; two $5; twelve, $21.

may 27,'59-1t.

WORMS! WORMS!!

☞A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and classifying the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and profound research; and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that, after all a mode of expelling these worms, and purifying the blood from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to the origin. The expelling agent has at length been found—*Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros. is the much sought after specific, and has already superseded all other worm medicines, its efficacy being universally acknowledged by medical practitioners.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa.—All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

FLEMING BROS.

may 27,'59-4t.

JOHN ALSIP,

CHEAP CASH and PRODUCE STORE.

Opposite the "Washington Hotel," Bedford, Penn'a.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

Dry Goods of every Description,

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS AND QUALITY,

QUEENSWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND IN SHORT—EVERY THING ELSE WHICH IS USUALLY KEPT BY MERCHANTS, AND WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT THE SMALLEST PROFIT FOR CASH. Don't forget the place, sign of the "Big Horn Bull." *Call and see for yourselves.*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, 18th JUNE, INST.,

the following described real estate, viz: a tract of land in West Providence township, adjoining lands of David Sparks, Peter Barndollar's heirs, Isaac Meixsell and others, and containing about 25 acres, about 3 acres cleared and the balance well timbered.

TERMS:—Cash. M. M. PEEBLES,
Adm'r of Andrew Sheely, dec'd.

May 27,'59.

GOWQUA MATTINGS.—We have just received a large lot of prime quality Mattings 1 & 1¼ check and plain white.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

May 27,'59.

Wool Wanted.—We will pay Cash or Merchandise for any quantity of clean washed wool. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

May 27,'59.

Keep it Before the

PEOPLE,

That Cheap-side is still

Not to be Out-done.

OSTER & CARN are now receiving in addition to their new SPRING GOODS, a beautiful assortment of seasonable

SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting of Silks, Poil de Chevre, English Pongee mixture, Ducals, Challie de Lains, Byadere Mohairs, Poplins, Robes-A-Less, organdies, English Chintzes, Crinolines, Thibet and Stella Shawls, Spring Styles, Prints and Lawns, from 6¼ cents up—Muslins, Brown and Bleached, from 6¼ cents up—Ginghams and Challie de Lains, from 10 cts. up—Mohair de Bege and Lavellas, from 10 cents up—Men's and Youth's wear, from 12½ cents up.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Coatings, Satinetts, Jeans, Vestings, &c., &c. Fresh Groceries, Queensware, Cutlery, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers and Ties, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH, or PRODUCE.

Childrens' Shoes, from 12½ cents up, Ladies' Shoes and Lace Boots, from 62½ cents up—do. Fine Lasting Gaiters from 87½ cents up—Men & Boys' Shoes for 75 cents up.

Good Coffee for 12½ cents, Prime new crop N. O. Sugar at 10 cts. Refined white crushed do. at 12½ " Bright Molasses and Syrups from 12½ cents up—and many other GOODS too numerous to mention, at GREAT BARGAINS. Call and examine for yourselves.

Terms. A liberal credit to persons of undoubted standing, when desired, who will be required to settle their accounts promptly on or before the 1st day of every January.

May 27,'59.

WAR IN EUROPE.

NAPOLEON the Third is bound to revenge his uncle and

Reed & Minnich

are determined to sell their large and splendid stock of

NEW GOODS

at prices far exceeding in cheapness any yet offered the people of Bedford.

The Latest Styles

of fashionable dress goods, for ladies and gentlemen, will be found at their store.

THE BEST QUEENSWARE

adorns their shelves, which they propose to sell particularly low.

Their Groceries

such as sugars, teas, coffee, &c., &c., cannot be surpassed in excellence, or cheapness.

Remember

these things and call at once at Reed & Minnich's, where you will not fail to find whatever you want in their line of business.

FARREL, HERRING & CO.'S
PATENT CHAMPION SAFE,

LATE FIRE IN DUBUQUE, IOWA.

DUBUQUE, Jan. 7, 1859.

GENTS:—I am requested by Mr. T. A. C. Cochrane, of this place, to say to you that on the morning of the 4th instant, about 3 o'clock, his store took fire, and the entire stock of goods were destroyed. The heat became so suddenly intense that none of the goods could possibly be saved; but fortunately his books and papers which were in one of your Champion Safes, were all preserved perfectly. And well they may be called Champion, for during the whole conflagration there was one incessant pouring of flame directly upon the sale which contained them. And still, upon opening it, the inside was found to be scarcely warm, while the outside was most severely scorched.

Yours truly,
N. A. McCLURE.

Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes, with HALLS PATENT POWDER PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any safe in the world. Also Side-board and Parlor safes, of elegant workmanship and finish for plate &c.

FARREL, HERRING & CO, have removed from 34 WALNUT ST., to their new store NO 629 CHESTNUT ST., (JAYNES HALL) where the largest assortment of Safes in the world can be found.

FARREL, HERRING & Co.

629 CHESTNUT STREET,
(Jayne's Hall)
PHILADELPHIA

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Echort Horn, late of Juniata township, Bedford county, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims against the same are requested to present them without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL B. HORN,
JOHN A. BURNS, } Executors.

May 27,'59.-6t.

100 100 100

ONE Hundred different sizes of best rolled Iron Also, Shovel moulds & Hammered Iron, may be had at Hartley's Hardware store, at very low figure for CASH, or short approved credit.

Feb 18, '59.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and Jayne's Expectorant, at Dr. Harry's Drug [jul 30, 1858.]

NOTICE TO RETAILERS.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly, approved the 8th day of May, 1854, requiring the Treasurer of each county, to publish in each year, a list of all retailers of domestic and foreign goods, wares and merchandise—NOTICE is hereby given to retailers in classes, as directed by law, that the taxes must be paid to the county Treasurer, on or before the 1st day of August, next.

	Class.	License.
Bedford Borough.		
Oster, & Carn,	13	10 00
A. B. Cramer & Co.,	13	10 00
Nicholas Lyons,	14	7 00
Reed & Minnich,	13	10 00
John Alsip,	14	7 00
Miss Margaret Fetterly,	14	7 00
Samuel Shuck & Co.,	14	7 00
Robert Fyan,	14	7 00
J. M. Shoemaker & Co.,	14	7 00
Sarah E. Potts,	14	7 00
Isaac Lippel,	14	7 00
Colin Loyer,	14	7 00
Agnes Saupp,	14	7 00
John Arnold,	14	7 00
William Hartley,	14	7 00
George Blymire,	14	7 00
Dr. B. F. Harry,	14	7 00
Dr. F. C Reamer & Co.	14	7 00
A. Ferguson & Co.,	14	7 00
A. L. Defibaugh, E. H.	8	5 00
Bedford Township.		
John B. Furney,	14	7 00
John S. Ritchey, Distillery,	4	15 00
Edward Huffman, Brewery,	4	15 00
Broad Top Township.		
John F. Lowry,	14	7 00
Colerain Township.		
A C James,	14	7 00
James & Barnhart,	14	7 00
Cumberland Valley tp.		
Jacob Anderson,	14	7 00
John May, Jr.,	14	7 00
Daniel R. Anderson,	14	7 00
Thomas Growden.	14	7 00
East Providence tp.		
John Nycum,	14	7 00
D A T Black,	14	7 00
Lauderbagh & Pea,	14	7 00
Harrison Township.		
Valentine B. Wertz,	14	7 00
John W. Smith,	14	7 00
Juniata Township.		
William Keyser,	14	7 00
Hilligas & Mowry,	14	7 00
Lewis N Fyan,	14	7 00
Fred. Hildebraut,	14	7 00
George Gardill,	14	7 00
Liberty Township.		
Lewis Putt,	14	7 00
John Cypher,	14	7 00
Steel & Entrican,	14	7 00
Jacob Fockler,	14	7 00
Londonderry Township.		
Jacob Devore,	14	7 00
Thomas J Porter,	14	7 00
Monroe Township.		
Danie. Fletcher,	14	7 00
James R. O'Neal,	14	7 00
Napier Township.		
John Wade,	14	7 00
Peter Hilligas, Distillery,		15 00
West Providence Township.		
Jacob Barndollar,	13	10 00
James M Barndollar and Son,	13	10 00
Thomas Ritchey,	14	7 00
Snake Spring Township.		
Nicholas Koontz	14	7 00
Schellsburg Borough.		
B F Horn and Brothers.	14	7 00
A B Bunn,	14	7 00
E Statler and Son,	14	7 00
John A Colvin,	14	7 00
John S Schell,	14	7 00
A J Snively,	14	7 00
John Smith,	14	7 00
Miller and Blackburn,	14	7 00
Duncan McVicker,	14	7 00
St. Clair Township.		
F D Beegle,	14	7 00
George B Amick,	14	7 00
George Hinesling,	14	7 00
G D Trout,	14	7 00
John H. Schell,	14	7 00
Southampton Township.		
Kirk and Fletcher,	14	7 00
William Oss,	14	7 00
Union Township.		
John M Welter,	14	5 00
Middle Woodberry Township.		
Jacob Brenaman,	14	7 00
C W Richardson.	14	7 00
G R Barndollar,	14	7 00
Abraham L Beckhoffer,	14	7 00
South Woodberry Township.		
Piper and Scott.	14	7 00
S R Oster,	14	7 00
George Kauffman,	14	7 00
D F Buch,	14	7 00
D Beegle,	14	7 00

SAMUEL DAVIS.

May 13,'59.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The Balsamic Cordial *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe Diarrhœa *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., *No.* 418 *Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at* 75 *cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. JACKSON *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county.

May 20, 1859.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Henry Steckman, late of Monroe tp., dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for payment.

VALENTINE STECKMAN,
May 20,'59. Adm'r.

DR. M'LANE'S
CELEBRATED
VERMIFUGE
AND
LIVER PILLS.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to

Dr. Chas. M'Lane's Celebrated

Vermifuge and Liver Pills.

We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz.:

THE VERMIFUGE,

For expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms.

THE LIVER PILLS,

For the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of

FEVER AND AGUE,

preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are Unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last Twenty Years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest material, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros. will do well to write their orders distinctly, and *take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county.

May 20, 1859-1y.

What the Press Say.

"Costar's" Exterminators are invaluable remedies for clearing houses of all sorts of vermin.—*With all confidence we recommend them.—N. Y. Daily State Register.*

"Costar's" remedies for all domestic pests, such as Rats, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Ants, Fleas, &c., are invaluable; we can speak from actual knowledge of their merits. Druggists and Dealers should send their orders early, if they would secure a trade in them.—*N. Y. Journal.*

"I shall write something about your Exterminators, as I can do so with propriety. They are selling rapidly here and destroying all vermin.—*Ed. "Banner," Fayette, Mo.*

"Death to all Vermin."

As Spring approaches,
Ants and Roaches,
From their holes come out,
And Mice and Rats,
In spite of Cats,
Gaily skip about.
Bed-Bugs bite
You, in the night,
As on the bed you slumber,
While Insects crawl
Thro' chamber and hall,
In squads without number.

IT IS TRULY WONDERFUL WITH WHAT CERtainty, Rats, Roaches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-Bugs, Ants, Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Insects on Animals, in short every speeies of Vermin, are utterly destroyed and exterminated by

"COSTAR'S" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator,

"COSTAR'S" Bed-bug Exterminator,

"COSTAR'S" Electric Powder, for Insects.

Supplied *direct*, by mail, to any address in the United States, as fellows:

On receipt of $1.00, a box of the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.

On receipt of $2.00, a box each of the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator, and Electric Powder, (sent postage paid,) sufficient to destroy the vermin on any premises.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers every where.

"Costar's" Principal Depot, 420 Broadway, N. Y.

P. S.—Circulars' terms, &c., sent by mail on application.

☞Wholesale Agents for Pennsylvania:
COSTAR'S BRANCH DEPOT,
Northeast corner Fifth and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And Wholesale Dealers generally.

May 13,'59.

GEORGE A. BROOKS,
STATIONER—BOOK BINDER,
AND
BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURER,
HARRISBURG, PA.

Having one of the largest and most complete establishments in the State, I am prepared to execute

PLAIN AND FANCY BINDING

AT 20 PER CENT LESS THAN CITY PRICES and fully equal to it in strength and beauty of workmanship.

BLANK BOOKS

of all kinds, with or without printed headings made to order.

Particular attention given to all kinds of Country work. Any reference required can be given.

Plain and fancy Ruling for Companies &c., carefully executed.

Prompt attention given to all orders by mail.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

may-27. GEO. A. BROOKS.

Iron City College

$40 00

Pays for a full course in the Iron City College, the largest, most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

357 Students attending Daily, March, 1859.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

51 *Premiums for best Penmanship awarded in* 1858.

☞Ministers' sons received at half price.

For Circular and Specimens of Writing, inclose two letter stamps, and address

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIREWORKS!

FIREWORKS.

4th JULY, 1859.

THE Subscriber is now receiving from the factory a full and complete assortment of FIREWORKS. The stock is larger and the variety greater than that of any other house in the United States, and comprises

Blue Lights, No. 1 & 2.	Roman Candles, nine sizes, from 1 Ball to 15 Balls.
Grasshoppers, No 1 & 2.	Roman Candles colored Flower pots, 4 sizes.
Pin Wheels, No 1 2 & 3.	Triangles No 1 2.
Chasers, No 1 2.	Open Triangles 4 sizes.
Scroll wheels.	Triangles colored Suns.
Saxon Wheels.	Torpedoes.
5-Point Stars.	Rockets, 4 sizes.
Mines, 4 sizes.	Double Headers.
Caprices, No 1 2.	Chinese Maroons.
Chinese Penny Rockets.	Punk, or Josstick,
Fire Crackers, to make a tremendous report.	&c., &c. &c.
Pulling Crackers.	

Also, a great variety of FANCY COLORED WORKS for private and Public Exhibitions, from $50 to $500, furnished and warranted to give satisfaction. All works carefully packed and forwarded. Application should be made as early in the season as possible, to

JOSEPH B. BUSSIER,
PRINCIPAL FIREWORKS DEPOT,
110 SOUTH WHARVES,
May 20,'59. PHILADELPHIA.

LUTZS' FACTORY.

THE subscriber having leased this well known establishment, is now prepared to do carding and fulling, also to manufacture Cloths, Cassimers, Satinetts, Blankets, Flannels, &c., on reasonable terms. He also keeps on hands a supply of the above named fabrics, which he will sell cheap for cash; or trade for wool at the usual rates. Carding and fulling will be done at the same prices as formerly. ☞Terms—Cash.

JOHN LUTZ.

May 13,'59

BLOODY RUN

RAIL ROAD!

Ferguson & Manspeaker's Depot

At the Shoe and

VARIETY STORE.

EXAMINE the list of Boots and shoes of all kinds and descriptions, fancies, sorts, sizes and conditions.

Don't believe the wonderful *auction* stories you here. Some excuse must be given for selling higher than we do.

Examine the list.

Coffee, best quality, at 12 to 15 cts.
Sugar, crushed, at 13 cts.
Syrup, best golden, 75 per Gal.
Do. good quality, at 50.
Rice, 7 cts.
Chocolate, 25 cts.

Everything else at corresponding prices, including Teas, Allspices, Pepper, Preserves, Pickles, Cattle Powder (insured) Oil Cloths, Table Oil cloths, Stationery of every kind, including Copy Books, Envelopes, writing paper, &c., Shoe fixings, including binding, tacks, pegs thread &c., Brushes, Baskets, Bed-cords, Brooms Buckets, Mattrasses, Silk, Gloves, Stockings, Hair Brushes, Shirt Collars, Bosoms, neck-ties, Clocks, Hats, Caps, Fans, Suspenders, in short, every thing but Dry Goods and even some of them.

—ALSO.—

the best variety of Tobacco, Cigars & Snuff.

☞Try the prices.

May 20,'59.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, at Bedford, May 16, 1859.

☞Persons calling for letters in this list will please say they are advertised.

Beon Richard	Grey Isaac Heirs
Beedle Hulda Miss	Hetrick John S
Bonebreak J. E. Esq.	Hufford Jacob
Burkhimer Susan Miss.	Harrier Priscilla Miss.
Busard Mariah P. Miss.	Irvin Wm. H. General.
Buckalew W. J. Rev.	Laudars Margaret Mrs.
Bucklen Tennet	Leonard Elizabeth Miss.
Baily J.	Lowrie John F.
Butler H. S. Esq. 2.	Lerely H. C. Esq.
Bell Preston	Longstreth John's heirs
Book William	Laird Matilda B 4
Biddle Andrew	McCoy Joseph
Bozler Elenor, Mrs.	Morris Mary
Crawford Murry Esq.	Morgan Horace
Cooper L. L.	Miller Josiah
Crissman Elizabeth Mrs.	Osborn John
Carpenter Michael 2.	Pence John
Davis Catharine	Smith Eliza Miss.
Dansdille George's heirs	Sheridan James
Dibert John	Sparks Solomon heirs
Deatrick Willam	Stoner Praragrine
Easter Adam	Steinle Henry
Easter Nicholas	Sangree Joseph
Ellinger Henry W.	Vincent William H
Earnest John	Weisel John
Fulton John Esq.	Wilson A. P. General
Finnamore C Dr. 4	Winfield Lawyer
Fitchner Jacob 2	Regis'd Galbraith W. J.

JOHN A. MOWRY, P. M.

May 20,'59.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, on reasonable terms, about One Hundred and Eighty Acres of Good LIMESTONE LAND—about 3 miles west of Bedford—about One Hundred and Twenty-Five Acres cleared and under good fence, the balance well timbered. Title warranted. For particulars call on the subscriber, at Bedford.

SAMUEL CARN.

May 20, '59-3t.

ROSS FORWARD. O. H. GAITHER.

Forward & Gaither,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Bedford, Penn'a.

ROSS FORWARD & O. H. GAITHER of Somerset, have opened a law office in Bedford, Pa. O. H. Gaither, having located permanently in Bedford, will be assisted during every Court by the former. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and carefully attended to. Office on Juliana street two doors South of the Inquirer office.

BLINDS AND SHADES,

Cheap for Cash.

B. J. WILLIAMS,
No. 16 North Sixth Street,
PHILADELPHIA,

Is the largest Manufacturer of

WINDOW BLINDS,

AND DEALER IN

WINDOW SHADES,

OF EVERY VARIETY.

He is the Originator of all New Styles and has a fine Stock to be sold at *Reduced Prices.*

Buff and other colors of Linen Shades, Trimmings, Fixtures, &c.

STORE SHADES Painted to order.

☞B. J. W. Invites citizens of this County to call before purchasing, and assures them that he can sell a better article for the money than any other Establishment in the United States. [mar25,'59-3m

OLIVER C. CLARK. SAM'L M. HALLER.

O. C. CLARK & CO.,

Flour, Feed, Grocery and Produce Store,

Central Street, next door above Lutheran Church, Cumberland, Md.

A well selected stock is now open and offered to families and country dealers, consisting of *Family Extra, and Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Corn and Rye Chopped, Shorts, Ship Stuff and Bran, New Orleans, Porto Rico, Muscavado and refined sugars, Golden and S. H. Molasses, Imperial, Young Hyson and Black Tea, Java and Rio Coffee of the best quality. All kinds of Spices. Pickles in barrels and jars, Candles, Soap, Mackerel and Herring, Water, Sugar, Soda, Edinburg & Ginger Crackers, Peaches, Strawberries, Pine Apple and Green Corn, put up in cans expressly for family use. A choice lot of* Liquors, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Rum and Whiskey, selected with care. Tobacco and Segars of various kinds. With a variety of other articles usually found in store.

Additions to the above stock will be frequently made so as to keep up a general assortment, and all dealers are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of grain and country produce bought for cash, or in exchange for goods.

Cumberland, April 8, 1859.

SALAMANDER SAFES.

EVANS & WATSON.

No 26 south Fourth street,
PHILADELPHIA,

Have now on hand a large assortment of Fire and Thief Proof Salamander Safes. Also, Iron Doors for Banks and Stores, Iron Shutters, Iron Sash, all makes of Locks, equal to any made in the United States.

Five Safes in one Fire. All Come out Right, with contents in good condition.

THE SALAMANDER SAFES OF PHILADELPHIA AGAINST THE WORLD.

Evans & Watson

Have had the surest demonstration in the following certificate that their manufacture of Salamander Safes has at length fully warranted the representations which have been made of them as rendering an undoubted security against the terrific element:

Philadelphia, April 12th, 1856.

Messrs. EVANS & WATSON,—Gentlemen,—It affords us the highest satisfaction to state to you, that owing to the very protective qualities of two of the Salamander Safes which we purchased of you some few months since, we saved a large portion of our jewelry, and all our books, papers, &c., exposed to the calamitous fire in Ranstead Place, on the morning of the 11th instant.

When we reflect that these Safes were located in the fourth story of the building we occupied, and that they fell subsequently into a heap of burning ruins, where the vast concentration of heat caused the brass plates to melt, we cannot but regard the preservation of their valuable contents as most convincing proof of the great security afforded by your Safes.

We shall take much pleasure in recommending them to men of business as a sure reliance against fire.

GEORGE W. SIMONS & BRO., *Jewellers.*
Who have purchased six large Safes since.

April 29, 1859, 1yr.

ATTENTION, MARKSMAN!

JOHN BORDER,

GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.-1y.

Peace with Paraguay!

Notwithstanding the complicated and troublesome nature of the Paraguay difficulty, Uncle Sam has succeeded in peacefully adjusting it, and

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.,

will sell at the cheapest rates, at their store immediately opposite the "Gazette Office," their large and varied assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting in part, of

BLACK & FANCY SILKS,
ALPACAS, DELAINES,
CHALLIES, DUCALS,
DEBAGES, BAREGES,
LINENS, CALICOES,
GINGHAMS, MUSLINS,
NANKEENS, CASSIMERES,
BLACK AND BLUE CLOTHS, &c.

Also a cheap and excellent assortment of summer HATS, BOOTS and SHOES; and a fine lot of

CARPET.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the above named goods, all of which will be sold low for cash or country produce. J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

April 29, 1859.

SURVEYING.

O H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the Inquirer office.

JAYNE'S WRIGHTS,

Bennett's and Dyott's Pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

Bedford Hotel,
And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

FACULTY.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B., Principal, Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.
Wm. S. Smith, Prof. of Mathematics.
Jas. H. Miller, Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.
Rev. B. F. Stevens, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy &c.
Wm. A. Stephens, Prof. of English Grammar &c.
Dr. J. Hughes, Lecturer on Anatomy &c.
Mrs. E. V. Osborne, Preceptress, Teacher of Music, French, Botany &c.
Miss Mary Williams, Teacher of Composition &c.

Price of Tuition for term of 11 weeks.

Common English Branches	$3 25
Higher Branches, including common, each	80
Latin and Greek, each	2 00
German and French, each	2 50
Book-keeping and Commercial calculations	1 50

ORNAMENTAL.

Drawing	2 50
Colored crayon, and water colors, each	3 00
Oil painting	5 00
Hair and wax flowers, each	3 00
Pellis work	3 00
Embroidery	1 50
Piano music, with use of instrument	10 00

Board $1 75 per week including room rent, fuel, furniture &c. This is one of the best, and cheapest institutions in the country. The whole expense per term need not be more than twenty-five dollars.—The spring term commences April 5, 1859.

For particulars, address the Principal.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., April 22, 1859.

Estate of Rinehart Replogle, dec'd.

THE subscribers, executors of the last will and testament of Rinehart Replogle late of South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, deceased, hereby give notice that letters testamentary upon said estate have been granted to them by the Register of said county, and all persons having claims or demands against said estate are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are notified to make payment.

DAVID S. REPLOGLE,
JOHN S. REPLOGLE,
residing in South Woodberry tp., Bedford County.

May 6,'59.

Notice.

THE public are hereby notified that I have bought of Jessie Yarnold, of St. Clair tp., the following named articles: 1 cow, 1 cooking stove, 100 bushels of corn in the possession of John Bowser, and his (Yarnold's) grain in the ground; all of which articles I shall leave in possession of said Yarnold during my pleasure.

May 6th,'59. SIMON HERSHMAN.

St. Clair Township

AGAINST THE WORLD, FOR

Good Earthen Ware!

A liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers. All orders addressed to Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., punctually attended to.

April 5, 1859-3m. WM. KIRK.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county upon the estate of Susan Dicken dec'd, of Cum'b Valley tp.,—notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID DICKEN,
May 20,'59. Executor.

Notice.

Josiah Shoemaker, Esq., has become a partner in the mercantile business with J. & J. M. Shoemaker. The business hereafter will be conducted in the name of J. M. Shoemaker & Co. The books, &c., of the late firm are in the hands of J. M. Shoemaker for settlement. All persons indebted, will please take notice.

Medical Co-partnership.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, in the village of St. Clairsville. Night calls promptly attended to. Office opposite the St Clair Inn.

WM. A. VICKROY,
G. W. STATLER.

Feb. 11,'59.

Samuel Ketterman,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.-tf.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

☞Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. Ashcom, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE

of Hair and tooth brushes at Dr. Harry' Drug and Book Store. [july 30,

---

BURNING FLUID and PINE OIL

Always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers, and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK.
October 30, 1857. C. W. ASHCOM.

The "Right of Search"

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

Emporium
OF FASHION!

where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS
CRAVATS,
GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure.

Clothes made to order on short notice.

Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by

Colin Loyer, Merchant TailoR,
Of the finest fashionable
Lasting goods, both plain and fancY,
Into Bedford ever brought tO
Neatly clothe "ye people" civiL.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

SHRIVER BROTHERS,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

376 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF BUTTER, Lard, Flour, Bacon, Leather, Wool, Ginseng, Snake Root, Beeswax, Feathers, and every description of country Produce.

A long business experience enables us to assure our friends that the best possible disposition will be made of anything entrusted to our care for sale.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

TO MILL OWNERS!

S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Burs can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co., March 4, 1859.

How to save Money!

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap Chairs and Cabinet Furniture,

can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need from a large stock now on hand which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this country.

You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture. You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices.

CHAIRS FROM	$4 50	to	36 00	per set
BEDSTEADS,	2 50	"	15 00	"
TABLES,	2 50	"	20 00	"
BUREAUS,	10 00	"	35 00	"
CUPBOARDS,	5 00	"	12 00	"
WASHSTANDS,	1 50	"	6 00	"
WORK STANDS,	1 00	"	5 00	"
CANDLE STANDS,	1 00	"	3 00	"

All other articles in proportion. All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, Jr.

February 19, 1858.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY,

Have formed a partnership in the *DRUG and BOOK* BUSINESS, will constantly keep on hand at their establish ment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which they offer at greatly reduced prices for cash.

Bedford, Jan. 21, 1859.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a daily line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH

trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point. Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every morning, at 6½ o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and the Depot at Latrobe every morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg, (Sundays excepted.

JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

February, 12, 1858-tf.

CALICOES, MUSLINS, and other goods just received at Reed and Minnich's. Call and see them.

All kinds of goods sold at REED & MINNICH'S for Cash or Produce.

DENTIST.

C. M. FITCH, D.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers have just opened a large and well assorted supply of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

including all the various fabrics usually found in a store, consisting in part of—viz: Blue, Black, Brown and Olive French Cloths, Black and Fancy col'd plain, and side band Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades, Drillings, Linens, Chambreys, &c.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Very handsome Spring Calicoes, Lawns, Challies, Robes, Barages, French & Lisle thread Ginghams, Silks, Hosiery, Gloves, N. W. Collars, Cambrics, Swiss & Mull Muslins, Stella shawls, Mantillas &c.

NEW STYLE PARASOLS.

Cheap Carpetings, half wool, List-Rag, also Floor oil Cloth various widths. Our Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

cannot be surpassed in the county for extent, variety and cheapness.

GROCERIES.

Rio Laguira, and Turkey Coffee. N. O. Crushed Granulated and clarified Sugars, New Orleans Molases, Golden Syrup, Teas, Chocolate, Oils, &c., &c.

Our Stock is very complete, and we will take pleasure in exhibiting our goods to all who may favor us with a call. To good and reliable customers, our terms will be as usual.—*Prompt settlements by cash, or note, every January.* All kinds of Produce received for goods for which the highest price will be given.

May 6,'59 A. B. CRAMER & CO.

BEDFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

This School will open on Monday the 21st of February, in the Large Brick Building, heretofore occupied by the Rev. Geo. W Aughinbaugh. The services of Miss A. M. Ewalt, a young Lady of thorough education, and well versed in the "Art of Teaching," have been secured to take charge of the Female department.

Persons from different parts of the county wishing to prepare themselves for teaching, will find it to their advantage by attending this Institution, as special care will be taken with them, in the branches taught in the 'Common Schools," *under the supervision of the County Superintendent.*

The Session will be divided into two Quarters of 11 weeks each.

Tuition per Quarter,	Primary Branches	$3 00
Common English		4 00
Higher do		5 00
Classics		6 25

Students entering before the middle of the Quarter will be charged full tuition. Those entering after that time, will be charged half tuition. No deduction made, unless in case of protracted sickness.

D. O. SHOEMAKER,
Bedford, April 29, 1859. *Principal*

I take pleasure in recommending Mr. Shoemaker to the patronage of the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. His success *as a teacher* is well established. I believe him to be fully qualified to teach all the branches he proposes to teach.

G. W. AUGHINBAUGH.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. R. F. Harry

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

W. J. BAER. G. W. BENFORD. B. F. MEYERS.

BAER, BENFORD & MEYERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

WILL punctually attend to all business entrusted to their care. ☞Mr. Baer will be in regular attte nd ance at Court. Office on Julianna street, same as formerly occupied by Wm. M. Hall, Esq. [jan '58.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bdford, Oct. 26, 1849.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts o Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washinghton Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT,

cheap, durable and pretty, already ground at Hartley's. [j 18,'58

KIMMELL HOUSE,

C STREET,

Between Four-and-a-half and Sixth Streets,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

A. F. KIMMELL, Proprietor.
E. V. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

Washington City, Dec. 10, 57-1y.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints: —

Scrofula and Scrofulous Complaints, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Syphilis and Syphilitic Affections, Mercurial Disease, Dropsy, Neuralgia or Tic Douloureux, Debility, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the Blood.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price, 25 cents per Box; Six Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our American Almanac, in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand Ayer's, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

SOLD BY

Doctors Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

july 30,'58-1y.

BIG PAD LOCK.

HARDWARE, IRON, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, FARM-IMPLEMENTS, &c.

WILLIAM HARTLEY

HAVING just returned from the East, is now receiving the largest stock of general hardware, *Cutlery, Brushes, Oils, Paints, Iron, &c., &c.*, ever offered to the people of Bedford county. The Store is enlarged—the goods are new—the latest patterns and best quality—purchased for CASH at reliable houses.

NO AUCTION TRASH.

All Warranted as Represented.

Being determined to sell cheap, and believing that the credit system of Bedford county is ruinous to all classes excepting lawyers, justices, sheriffs and constables, I have adopted the following TERMS upon which I will succeed or fail, viz: CASH, or approved trade or produce, excepting to those only, who will promptly settle, either by *note* or *cash* on the 1st of July and 1st January, of each year. To all such I offer great inducements, and will try to please them, and give them the worth of their monpy. The custom of those who buy with but a faint erobability of paying is not wanted.

I hereby return my sincere thanks to my former customers, and earnestly desire their patronage.—Determined to sell as cheap (freight considered) and keep as good ware, as any other establishment in the State. The public are invited to a careful perusal of my catalogue, in which is enumerated under their proper heads the articles always on hand.

Builders and all in want of any thing in my line will find it to their advantage to examine my stock.

March 11, 1859.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonnerful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store
March 6, 1857.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr Harry's.

FOR SALE, or Trade.

A FARM WITHIN ONE

mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly stream running through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story county, Iowa.

ALSO,

113 acres in Pottowattamie county, Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

640 acres in Ripley County, Missouri.

—ALSO—

1280 acres of land in Austin county, Texas, East of the Brazos River on the Texas Central Rail Road, which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress Creek.

—ALSO—

320 acres in Comanche county, Texas, on Wresler's Creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Paso Rail Road, now in process of construction.

ALSO,

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 131 acres and 60 perches, with excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient out-buildings. The land is good—produces well and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by leading to Hollidaysburg which with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Jan. 7, '59. O. E. SHANNON.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND
Machine Shop!

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford.
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1856.

J. W. SCOTT.

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 814 Chestnut Street,

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE,)

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1858-1y.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

W. J. MULLIN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN and DENTIST,

SCHELLSBURG, Pennsylvania.

OFFERS his services to the public in the practice of medicine—will attend promptly to all calls entrusted to his care. He will also perform all operations on the teeth in a neat and scientific manner. Teeth plugged and inserted from a single tooth to

AN *ENTIRE SET,*

mounted on gold or silver plate, on the latest and most approved principles.

TERMS *moderate* and all operations *warranted.*

LUMBER.—Twenty Thousand feet of Spruce & Pine Boards, also a large supply of Poplar Scantling—for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co

Feb 19, 1858

CARPETS.

H. H. ELDRIDGE,

Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in

CARPETINGS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS, &c.

Being in a bye-street, under very light expenses, this House has been enabled for many years to maintain the reputation of being the CHEAPEST in the City.

Warehouse, NO. 43 STRAWBERRY STREET, second door above Chestnut Street.

☞Strawberry is the first street west of Second Street, PHILADELPHIA.

Bedford Foundry.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

Grist and Saw-mills, Threshing Machines *Ploughs, Apple-mills, Cooking,* TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

Ploughs.—Woodcock, Seyler and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the immergencies of the times, we will

sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'59-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

PERMANENT OFFICE.

Complying with the urgent request of numbreds of their patients,

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SIKES,

Have concluded to remain

PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH,

and may be consulted at their office,

NO. 191 PENN STREET,

Opposite St. Clair Hotel,

Daily, except Sundays for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other Chronic Complaints, complicated with or causing pulmonary diseases, including Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complains, &c. DRS. FITCH & SIKES, would state that their treatment of Consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medecinal Inhalations, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, (having no Curative effect when used alone,) and Invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability on any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the "seat of the disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation," for as before stated, the seat of the disease is in the blood and its effects only in the lungs.*

☞*NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION.*☜

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. (april, 8,'59-1y

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UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS.

THE subscriber, manufacturer of the best quality of

— PARASOLS & UMBRELLAS —

invites the attention of CASH and close buyers to his SPRING STOCK, which for variety and styles cannot be surpassed.

JOSEPH RUSSELL,
No. 2, North Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the Eastern Cities with her usual stock of rich

SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting in part of handsome Silk Robes, Lawn Robes, Barege Robes, Shawls, Lace Mantles, of every style, New Style shawls; a large and splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Bonnets of the latest fashion. Her stock is large, well selected, and, will be sold cheap to suit the times. Call and examine the goods, and judge for yourselves.

April 29, 1859.

The University of Family Medicines &c.,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of arresting the evils of worthless and spurious nostrums and supplying the people with reliable domestic remidies have appointed

DANIEL R. ANDERSON, AGENT,

for the sale of these valuable compounds, viz:

Rowand's tonic mixture for cure of fever & ague. &c.
do blackberry root syrup, for diarrhoea, &c.,
University's remedy for lung complaints, coughs, &c
" " Dyspepsia or Indigestion.
" " Sore Eyes.
" " Ear Ache or Deafness.
" " Tooth Ache
" " Fever & Ague (in form of pills)
" " Costive bowels, (pills.)

Unlike the various nostrums of the day, these remedies depend upon their merits for popularity.

For sale by DANIEL R. ANDERSON,
Centreville, Bedford county, Pa.

Mar. 18, '58.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,

Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

Will practice in Bedford and Fulton Counties.

☞Office one door West of the Union Hotel.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that I have purchased at Sheriffs Sale one lot of Tinner Machines, Hand Tools, Patterns &c. Also the entire lot of stock and tin ware in the shop lately occupied by Abraham Herman—as whose property the same was sold.

I also hereby give notice that I have hired said Herman, and will hereafter carry on the Tinning business at the shop formerly occupied by him on Julianna Street. Notice is further given that the Books of said Herman now belong to me and any persens having accounts will please preaent them to Samuel Radebaugh Esq., for settlement without delay.

Feb, 25, 1859. SAMUEL BARNHART.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of the one half of my Drug Store to Dr. S. J. Way, I therefore desire all persons indebted to me on book account, to come and settle, as it is important that all standing accounts should be settled and the books closed. This request is reasonable and I expect a speedy compliance.

jan. 7,'59. F. C. REAMER.

LUMBER FOR SALE.—White and Yellow Pine Boards, Plastering and Shingling Lath and bills furnished to order by

REED & MINNICH.

PURE WHITE LEAD, FLAXSEED OIL and Spirits Turpentine, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]